Eradication Mission of State Government of Kerala since 1998. It aims at eradicating absolute poverty within a definite time frame of ten years through concerted community action under the leadership of Local Self Governments. As per the data available with State Government of Kerala, 1,75,057 Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) of the women from risk families covering urban, rural and tribal areas of the State have been formed under the Kudumbashree Project. 34, 679 micro enterprises has been formed in rural areas of Kerala under this project. Poor women of the State have become active participants in the planning and implementation process of various anti-poverty programmes and their capacity in several areas has gone up considerably.

(c) Planning Commission has set up a Working Group on "Poverty Elimination Programmes" which is looking into all the models of poverty alleviation in the country including Kudumbashree. The lessons learnt from different models will be used for the formulation of strategy for poverty alleviation in the 11th Five Year Plan.

Scheme to keep child labourers away from hazardous industries

*11. SHRI N.R. GOVINDARAJAR: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to formulate a new scheme to keep the child labourers away from hazardous industries in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether Government have received any financial assistance from international organizations in this regard;

(d) if so, the details thereof and the total amount of foreign assistance received and spent in this regard; and

(e) the number of child labourers benefited from the assistance?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI OSCAR FERNANDES): (a) No, Sir. Government is already implementing the Scheme of National Child Labour Projects (NCLPs) for rehabilitation of child labour since 1998. The scheme is presently aimed at being implemented in 250 districts of the country. The total outlay for the Xth Plan for this scheme is Rs. 602 crore.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) to (e) While NCLP Scheme is a National Programme fully funded by the Central Government, three international technical cooperation projects are separately being implemented under ILO-IPEC with funding from foreign governments. The details of the projects are as follows:

- INDUS Project is joint project between Government of India & US Department of Labour (US-DOL) with a contribution of 20 million dollars each. The funds from US-DOL are being channelised through ILO. The INDUS Project is currently being implemented in 4 states and the National Capital Territory of Delhi. The Project has target of rehabilitation of 80,000 child workers. An amount of US $ 9.97 million has been spent till October 2006. Over 80,000 children have already been covered under the project.
- Andhra Pradesh State Based Project, Phase-II, is jointly implemented by Government of Andhra Pradesh and ILO in 3 districts of Andhra Pradesh from 2004-07, with an outlay of US $ 8.93 million. 50% of the funds are coming from Government of Andhra Pradesh and 50% from DFID. It aims to withdraw and to rehabilitate 65,000 child labour in the project districts through educational and training services. An amount of US $ 1.3 million has been spent till October 2006.
- The Karnataka Child Labour Project is funded by Government of Italy through ILO. It is being implemented in two districts of the State. It has started in 2006 for a duration of three years. The outlay of the project is US $ 3.7 million, and the project is in its initial stages of implementation, and targets 3,000 children.

Districts covered under disaster risk management programme

*12. SHRIMATI VIPLOVE THAKUR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the districts, State-wise, covered under $ 20 million United National Development Programme (UNDP) sponsored Disaster Risk Management Programme (DRMP), in the country;

(b) whether despite the fact that spate of flash floods, cloudbursts,